

# Mr Teofilus Shiimi



## PERSONAL STATEMENT

To be relevant in changing someone's purpose of living and in making it possible for everyone to have access to opportunities that allows them to progress in life.

## CURRENT EMPLOYMENT

- Lecturer
- Namibia University of Science and Technology

## PHONE

- +264 (0) 61 207 2737

## EMAIL

- [tshiimi@nust.na](mailto:tshiimi@nust.na)

## LANGUAGES

- English
- Oshiwambo

## OTHER INTERESTS

- Exploring to understand nature
- Community-engagement
- Research

## ROLE AT THE AGRICULTURAL TRADE POLICY INSTITUTE (ATPI)

- Manager: Agronomy, Horticulture, Grapes & Dates Analytics

### 1. SUMMARY

The researcher has solid tertiary training in agricultural economics and his focal point lies in international trade and marketing, agribusiness management and agricultural marketing. Shiimi is equipped with skills and experience in proposal design, questionnaire development, data collection techniques, planning and conducting fieldwork. Additionally, Shiimi portrays good communication skills, is consistently committed, has enormous integrity and displays good teamwork. Finally, Shiimi's interest is to unpack the challenges hindering the smooth production, processing and marketing of agricultural commodities within Namibia and beyond.

### 2. HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION

- Master of Science in Agricultural Economics
- University of Free State, Bloemfontein, South Africa
- Year awarded: 2010

### 3. RESEARCH INTERESTS

- Livestock marketing
- Climate change and resilience strategies

### 4. RESEARCH SKILLS

- Research planning and scheduling
- Data collection
- Report writing
- Critical analysis

### 5. PRIMARY AWARDS, CONFERENCES AND PRESENTATIONS

- Transaction costs and cattle farmers' choice of marketing channel in north-central Namibia. Agro-Ecological System Analysis (AESAs), Cape Town, 19-23 September 2010

### 6. PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS

- Registered member at AESA

### 7. RECENT PUBLICATIONS

Transaction costs and cattle farmers' choice of marketing channel in north-central Namibia. *Agrekon* 40(3):405-425, 2009